



Human Body Series Digestive System

Quiz Answer Key

- 1. Your digestive system works on the foods you eat for about:
 - a. 5 hours
 - b. 10 hours
 - c. 15 hours
 - d. 20 hours
- 2. The digestive system breaks down food into:
 - (a.) nutrients
 - b. amylase
 - c. saliva
 - d. sphincters
- 3. During the process of absorption, nutrients from food go from:
 - a. the intestines into the bladder
 - b. the blood into the organs
 - (c.) the intestines into the bloodstream
 - d. the mouth into the stomach
- 4. The alimentary canal, or digestive tract, is made up of the:
 - a. pancreas, liver, and gallbladder
 - (b) esophagus, stomach, and intestines
 - c. colon, rectum, and anus
 - d. mouth, esophagus, and stomach
- 5. These move food through the digestive system:
 - a. digestive fluids
 - b. enzymes
 - c. mucous membranes
 - (d.) smooth muscles
- 6. In the stomach:
 - a. muscles churn and mix the food with acids and enzymes
 - b. glands make 3 quarts of digestive juices each day
 - c. food leaves as a thick liquid called chyme
 - (d.) all of the above
- 7. The pancreas, liver, and gallbladder help digestion in these ways, respectively:
 - (a) making enzymes; making bile and processing nutrients; and storing bile
 - b. producing saliva; digesting carbohydrates; and eliminating waste
 - c. producing hormones; producing enzymes; and eliminating waste
 - d. making acids; producing digestive juices; and storing enzymes

- 8. A flexible flap of tissue called the <u>epiglottis</u> reflexively closes over the windpipe when we swallow to prevent choking.
- 9. Waves of muscle contractions called <u>peristalsis</u> force food down through the esophagus to the stomach.
- 10. The inner wall of the small intestine is covered with millions of microscopic, finger-like projections called <u>villi</u>, through which nutrients can be absorbed into the body.

Extra credit

The small intestine is made up of three parts: the c-shaped first part called the <u>duodenum</u>, the coiled midsection called the <u>jejunum</u>, and the final section that leads into the large intestine called the <u>ileum</u>.