

Health Problems Series Skin Cancer

Quiz Answer Key

- 1. Whenever you're outside, experts recommend that you wear sunscreen with an SPF of at least:
 - a. 15
 - (b.)30
 - c. 45
 - d. 60
- 2. If you go swimming or plan to stay outside, even waterproof sunscreen must be reapplied every:
 - a. hour
 - (b) $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 hours
 - c. 2 to 3 hours
 - d. 3 to 4 hours
- 3. Choose a sunscreen with a package that says:
 - a. SPF 30 or higher
 - b. "blocks UVA and UVB rays" or "broad spectrum protection"
 - c. "hypoallergenic" and "noncomedogenic"
 - (d.) all of the above
- 4. The sun's rays are strongest between:
 - a. 12 a.m. and 3 p.m.
 - b. 10 a.m. and 1 p.m.
 - (c.)10 a.m. and 4 p.m.
 - d. 12 a.m. and 1 p.m.
- 5. (True)or false: People need to apply more sunscreen (with a higher SPF) when they're around reflective surfaces like water, snow, or ice.
- 6. True or (false:) The eyes have built-in defenses that prevent them from getting any sun damage.
- 7. (True) or false: Some medications, such as prescription acne medications or birth control pills, can increase your sensitivity to the sun.
- 8. True or false: Tanning beds are a safe way to get some color without risking sun damage.
- 9. True or false: Skin cancer used to affect people in their 20s. Thanks to education and sunscreen, skin cancer mostly affects people in their 50s or older today.
- Melanin can protect your skin only so much. If you continue to be exposed to the sun, the UV radiation can eventually damage your skin. That damage shows up as:
 a. wrinkles
 - b. brown age spots or blotchiness
 - c. leathery, sagging skin that looks older than it is
 - (d) any or all of the above